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State Dept. review completed

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- Hungarian regime stepping-up terror and beginning to act against dissidents in party and government.
 - A. Ene dissolved writers, student groups.
 - B. Arrests and executions increased; Nagy's defense chief, Enleter, reportedly condensed.
 - 1. Real problem not with key figures, though, but with messes.
 - C. Over-all plan contemplates direct regime management all organized activity. Government commissioners put in top posts, including in factories, over workers councils.
 - 1. Workers councils reportedly forming nation-wide underground.
- II. Noves necessitated by disorganised state of party and government.
 - A. Most Communists, government officials anti-Soviet.
 - 8. Ender admitted this when he criticised Communist daily, called it "hourgeois."
- III. Popular hostility remains high as ever, as compromise with regime in night.
 - A. Indian subantador in Moscov told Roblem be now possimistic about Soviet policy toward Hungary, believes Indian government has given up hope of using its influence.
- IV. Regime's program to wear down and intimidate population a slow process, Hungary still a deadweight to MEST.
 - A. Sporadic strikes, violence over-procest possibilities, forms of passive resistance a certainty.
 - B. Despite tactical offensive, regime on defensive in Hungary, as Approved For Release 2002/07/03: CIA-RDP79R00890A000800030033-0

CONTRACT.

NSC BRIEFING

23 January 1957

MUMGARIAN SITUATION

- I. The Hungarian regime during the past two weeks has stepped up its use of harsh policies and has reserted were and more to terror and rule by arhitrary decree.
 - A. Taking advantage of a period of relative calm (last major strikes and worker demonstrations were on 18 January), regime is now trying to clean own house in order to shape an effective instrument for subduing population as a whole.
 - B. The plan now seems to be direct regime management of all organised economic and political activity; so-called government "commissioners" are being appointed to manage factories (to oversee workers' councils), run sultural groups, direct activities of all journalists.
 - In come cases, groups such as Writers' Union, student federations, have been dissolved by order of Interior Risistry and Ministry of Armed Forces.
 - 2. The workers' councils are reportedly forming an underground with arms and a nationwide communications system.
 - C. Videoproad arrests of key figures with resistance leadership potentialities also underway. Legation in Budapest says this policy designed to lessen Bungarian deadweight around Soviet neck, but will prove ineffective since the real problem is with the masses, not with key individuals.
 - 1. One of those arrested was the writer, Gyula Ray, a Magy supporter who way back in September was the first intellection of the Popular of t

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- 2. Executions -- under the terms of martial law -- have also been stepped-up, have included leaders of the revolution. Nagy's defense minister, General Pal Maleter, perhaps the top revolutionary here, has reportedly been condemned to die, but has an appeal pending.
- 3. Regime claims executions up to 18 January totalled 7 with

 ll more under sentence of death, but other reports suggest

 figure much higher.
- II. These regime measures accessitated by disorganized state of both the Hongarian party and government.
 - A. Host Communists in Bungary are anti-Soviet -- even those active in what is left of the party. Premier Endar himself is constantly surrounded by Soviet bodyguards.
 - B. Nost of the government apparatus is also anti-Soviet, many in it are also anti-regime. Contact between cabinet ministers and their staffs is at a minimum.
 - C. Radar himself has virtually admitted that things are disorganized beneath him. On 16 January he blasted "bourgeois" trends in his own party newspaper, complained that articles in Communist theory have been run side-by-side with "pictures of half-naked descing girls."
- III. All hopes for more liberal program have been dissipated. Popular hestility remains as high as ever, and no compresse between people and regime now seems possible.
 - A. Indian ambasendor Menon in Moscow told Bobles he is new persimistic about Soviet policy toward Hangary, that he believes that the Indian recoveres has abandoned all become of influencies

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- 1. Henon, who visited Hangary for 2 weeks in lake December and early January, sees no prospects for a broadened Hangarian government. Earlier he had hopes of this, but now blames the UMSE for scrapping a compromise progress.
- 2. Monom told Bobles he would tell Shepilov (which he did, on 14 January) his frank epinion of Seviet errors in Hongary but that such a conversation would probably be fruitless.
- IV. Although economic situation new slightly improved and encuployment not so high as earlier feared, leag-range propects for Hangary, both political and economic, are not bright for MAR.
 - A. Regime's program to wear down and intimidate population, to install true "proletarian dictatorship", is a slow and tortuous way to stability. At least sparadic violence, strikes are an ever-present possibility. Passive resistance of various forms and over-all hestility use a certainty.
 - B. Despite current tactical effeasive, the regime is on the defeasive.
 - C. And dispite hardening of Soviet line toward all the Satellites and the loud noise of Soviet propagands, USSR itself is on the defensive in Eastern Europe.